

CD8 alpha antibody [53-6.7]

Cat. No. GTX00604

Host	Rat
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG2a
Applications	ICC/IF, IHC-P, IHC-Fr, FCM, IP, Depletion
Reactivity	Mouse

References (11)

Package

100 µg

PRODUCT

Summary

The 53-6.7 antibody reacts with the 32-34 kDa alpha subunit of mouse CD8, known as CD8a or CD8 alpha. CD8a can form a homodimer (CD8 alpha-alpha), but is more commonly expressed as a heterodimer with a second chain known as CD8b or CD8 beta. CD8 acts as a co-receptor in antigen recognition and subsequent T cell activation that is initiated upon binding of the T cell receptor (TCR) to antigen-bearing MHC Class I molecules. The cytoplasmic domains of CD8 provide binding sites for the tyrosine kinase lck, facilitating intracellular signaling events that lead to T cell activation, development, and cytotoxic effector functions. CD8+ cytotoxic T cells (CTLs) play an important role in inducing cell death of tumor cells, as well as cells infected by virus, bacteria or parasites.

Applications

Application Note

*Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the researcher.

Suggested dilution	Recommended dilution
ICC/IF	Assay dependent
IHC-P	Assay dependent
IHC-Fr	Assay dependent
FCM	Assay dependent
IP	Assay dependent
Depletion	Assay dependent

Not tested in other applications.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	10mM NaH ₂ PO ₄ , 150mM NaCl
Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide
Storage	Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. Store at 4°C.
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml (Please refer to the vial label for the specific concentration.)
Immunogen	Mouse spleen cells



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Purification	Purified by affinity chromatography From tissue culture supernatant
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Note	<p>For laboratory research use only. Not for any clinical, therapeutic, or diagnostic use in humans or animals. Not for animal or human consumption.</p> <p>Purchasers shall not, and agree not to enable third parties to, analyze, copy, reverse engineer or otherwise attempt to determine the structure or sequence of the product.</p>



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