

## WGA Lectin (Biotin)

**Cat. No. GTX01501****Applications** WB, ELISA, IHC**Species** Wheat**Package**

1 mg

## PRODUCT

## Summary

Wheat germ agglutinin (WGA) (MW 36 kDa) is a dimeric, carbohydrate-free protein composed of two identical subunits. The amino acid sequence provides a figure of 21,600, based on 171 amino acids per polypeptide chain. The protein dissociates into monomers in acidic media, pK of the reaction 4. The receptor sugar for WGA is N-acetyl glucosamine (GlcNAc), GlcNAc $\beta$ 14GlcNAc. These structures are present in many serum and membrane glycoproteins, bacterial cell wall peptidoglycans, chitin, cartilage glycosaminoglycans and glycolipids. Native WGA also react with glycoproteins with sialic acid residue. This lectin is useful for the purification of insulin receptors, serum proteins and neuronal tracing. The carbohydrate-binding specificity of WGA has been studied by variety of techniques, such as hapten inhibition of hemagglutination and specific precipitation of glycoconjugate, changes in fluorescence of the lectin (intrinsic) or of chromatogenic ligands (extrinsic), equilibrium dialysis, NMR and x-ray diffraction.

## Applications

**Product Note** N-acetyl glucosamine (GlcNAc)

## Properties

**Form** Liquid**Buffer** 10mM Phosphate, 150mM NaCl, 0.1mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>**Preservative** 0.05% Sodium azide**Storage** Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. Store at 4°C.**Concentration** 5 mg/ml (Please refer to the vial label for the specific concentration.)**Region/Sequence** Native Protein**Expression System** Native Protein**Purification** Purified from Wheat Germ Agglutinin**Conjugation** Biotin

## Note

For laboratory research use only. Not for any clinical, therapeutic, or diagnostic use in humans or animals. Not for animal or human consumption.

Purchasers shall not, and agree not to enable third parties to, analyze, copy, reverse engineer or otherwise attempt to determine the structure or sequence of the product.



For full product information, images and publications, please visit our [website](#).