

IRF3 antibody

Cat. No. GTX10632

Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Applications	WB, IHC-P, ELISA
Reactivity	Human, Mouse

Package
100 µg

Applications

Application Note

*Optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the researcher.

Suggested dilution	Recommended dilution
WB	1 - 4 µg/mL
IHC-P	2 µg/mL
ELISA	Assay dependent

Not tested in other applications.

Calculated MW 47 kDa. ([Note](#))

Properties

Form	Liquid
Buffer	PBS
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Storage	Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. For short-term storage (1-2 weeks), store at 4°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
Concentration	1 mg/ml (Please refer to the vial label for the specific concentration.)
Immunogen	IRF3 antibody was raised against a peptide corresponding to 14 amino acids near the carboxy terminus of human IRF3. The immunogen is located within amino acids 330 - 380 of IRF3.
Purification	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography
Conjugation	Unconjugated

Note

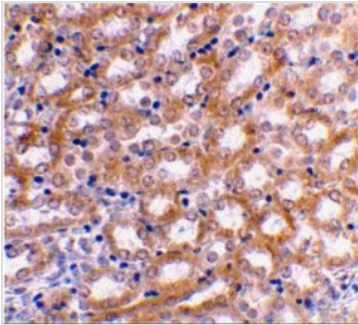
For laboratory research use only. Not for any clinical, therapeutic, or diagnostic use in humans or animals. Not for animal or human consumption.

Purchasers shall not, and agree not to enable third parties to, analyze, copy, reverse engineer or otherwise attempt to determine the structure or sequence of the product.



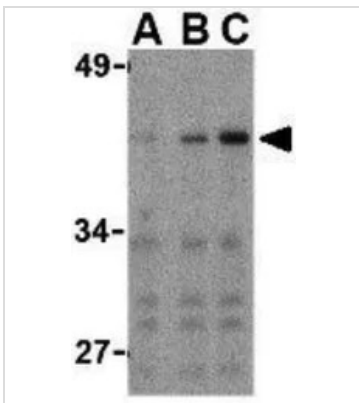
For full product information, images and publications, please visit our [website](#).

DATA IMAGES



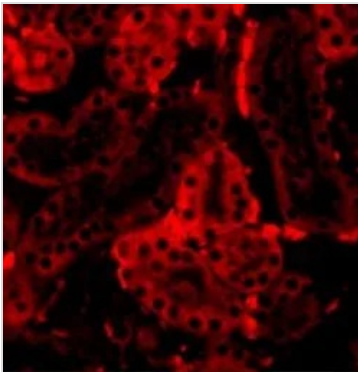
GTX10632 IHC-P Image

IHC-P analysis of mouse kidney tissue using GTX10632 IRF3 antibody.
Working concentration : 2 µg/ml



GTX10632 WB Image

WB analysis of Ramos cell lysate using GTX10632 IRF3 antibody.
Working concentration : (A) 1, (B) 2, and (C) 4 µg/ml



GTX10632 IHC-P Image

IHC-P analysis of mouse kidney tissue using GTX10632 IRF3 antibody.
Working concentration : 20 µg/ml



For full product information, images and publications, please visit our [website](https://www.genetex.com).