## SOX2 antibody [SOX2/1791]

Cat. No. GTX35086


Note : Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10 mM Tris with 1 mM EDTA, pH 9.0 , for 45 min at $95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes.
For ELISA coating, recommend using BSA-free format (please contact us for PBS only format).
Not tested in other applications.

Calculated MW $\quad 34 \mathrm{kDa}$ ( (Note)

| PROPERTIES | Liquid |
| :--- | :--- |
| Form | PBS, $0.05 \%$ BSA |
| Buffer | $0.05 \%$ Sodium azide |
| Preservative | Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. For short-term storage $\left(1-2\right.$ weeks), store at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. For <br> long-term storage, aliquot and store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Storage | $0.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{ml}$ (Please refer to the vial label for the specific concentration.) |
| Concentration | Recombinant fragment (within aa176-305) of human SOX2 protein (exact sequence is proprietary) |
| Immunogen | Protein A/G purified |
| Purification | Unconjugated |
| Conjugation |  |

For laboratory research use only．Not for any clinical，therapeutic，or diagnostic use in humans or animals．Not for animal or human consumption．
Note
Purchasers shall not，and agree not to enable third parties to，analyze，copy，reverse engineer or otherwise attempt to determine the structure or sequence of the product．

## DATA IMAGES



## GTX35086 IHC－P Image

IHC－P analysis of mouse intestine tissue using GTX35086 SOX2 antibody［SOX2／1791］．


## GTX35086 IHC－P Image

IHC－P analysis of human cervical carcinoma tissue using GTX35086 SOX2 antibody［SOX2／1791］．


## GTX35086 IHC－P Image

IHC－P analysis of human lung carcinoma tissue using GTX35086 SOX2 antibody［SOX2／1791］．


## GTX35086 Protein Array Image

Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19，000 full－length human proteins using SOX2 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody（SOX2／1791）．Z－and S－Score：The Z－score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProtTM array．Z－scores are described in units of standard deviations（SD＇s）above the mean value of all signals generated on that array． If targets on HuProtTM are arranged in descending order of the Z－score，the S－score is the difference（also in units of SD＇s）between the Z－score．S－score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a Monoclonal Antibody to its intended target．A Monoclonal Antibody is considered to specific to its intended target if the Monoclonal Antibody has an S－score of at least 2．5．For example，if a Monoclonal Antibody binds to protein $X$ with a $Z$－score of 43 and to protein $Y$ with a $Z$－score of 14 ，then the S －score for the binding of that Monoclonal Antibody to protein $X$ is equal to 29 ．

