

IHC Troubleshooting Guide

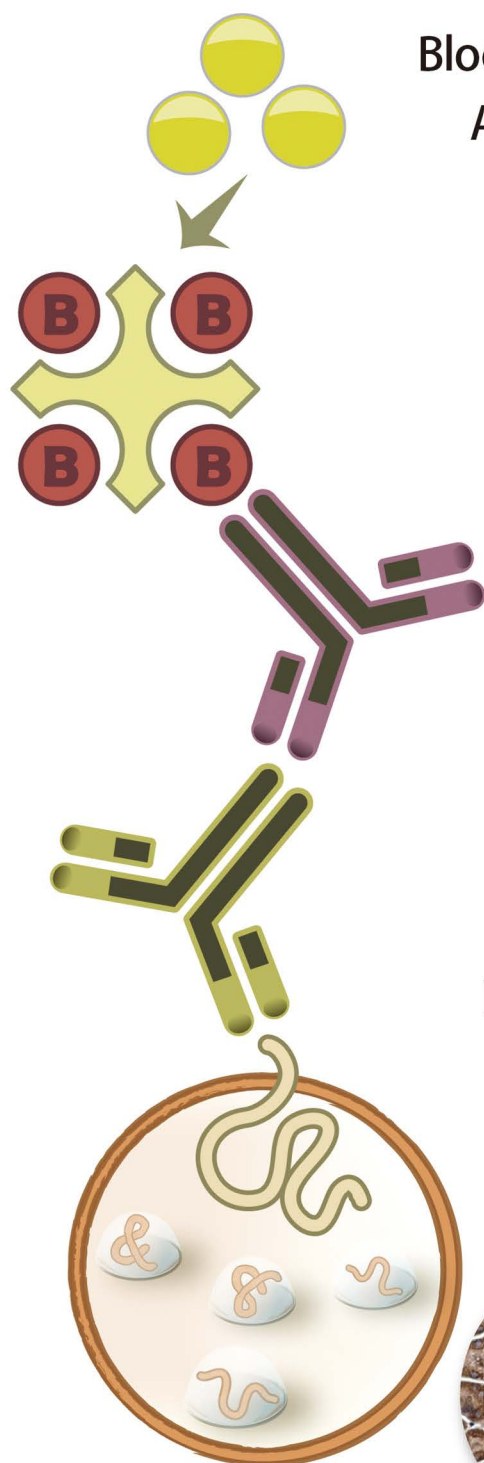
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4 Steps to solve IHC high background staining



Blocking serum

ABC reagent

Substrate

Secondary Antibody

Blocking serum

ABC reagent

Substrate

Primary Antibody

Secondary Antibody

Blocking serum

ABC reagent

Substrate

Sample preparation

1

- ☐ Wrong species of blocking serum is used?
- ☐ Tissue binds to ABC reagent directly?
- ☐ The substrate reacts with endogenous enzyme directly?

2

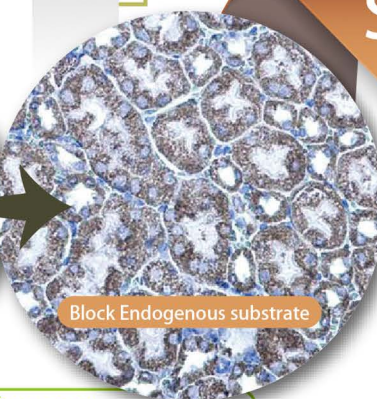
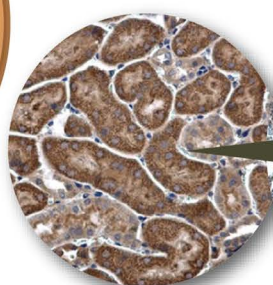
- ☐ Non-specific binding of secondary antibody?
- ☐ Secondary antibody cross-reactivity?

3

- ☐ Excessive amount of primary antibody is added?
- ☐ Non-specific binding of primary antibody?
- ☐ Primary antibody precipitates in the solution?

4

- ☐ Sections dried out?
- ☐ Poor fixation?



Block Endogenous substrate

See
How to
Perfect
Your
Results

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Weak/No signal

Problem

Possible Solution(s)

Antibody potency

- Primary and secondary antibody may not match
 - Use secondary antibody generated against the species in which the primary was raised
- Antibody used may not be suitable for IHC
 - Test the antibody on a non-denatured and denatured western blot to make sure the antibody is recognizing non-denatured antigen
- Not enough antibody added
 - Increase antibody concentration ; lengthen incubation time

Enzyme-substrate reactivity

- Chromogenic solution lost effect
 - Enzyme inhibitor present in the substrate buffer
 - pH of the substrate buffer may not be appropriate
 - Test the enzyme-substrate reaction by placing a drop of the enzyme into the prepared substrate solution

Sample preparation

- Insufficient de-paraffinization
 - De-paraffinize sections longer; Use freshly prepared xylene
- Fixatives (formalin & paraformaldehyde) may be modifying the epitope
 - Use antigen retrieval methods to unmask the epitope
 - Decrease fixation duration
- Inadequate fixation
 - Avoid delay of fixation or over-fixation

Sample property

- Target protein may not abundantly present in the tissue
 - Run a positive control
 - Use more primary antibody
 - Use amplification steps to amplify the signal
- Target protein is a nuclear protein and the antibody cannot penetrate the nucleus
 - Add permeabilizing reagent into the blocking buffer and antibody dilution buffer to facilitate antibody penetration into the nucleus
- Target protein is a membrane protein and epitope may be damaged or removed by permeabilization
 - Decrease or remove permeabilizing reagent from buffers

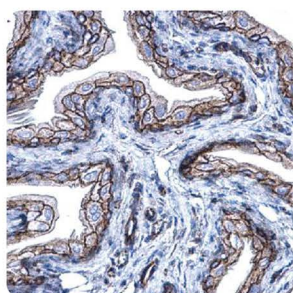
Antigen Retrieval

Heat-Induced Epitope Retrieval (HIER)

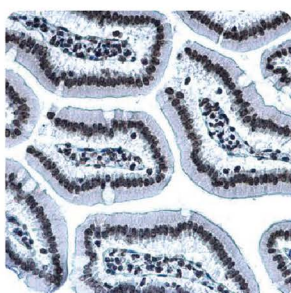
Product name	Application	Cat. No.
Citrate buffer, 10X pH 6.0	IHC-P	GTx30936
EDTA buffer, 10X pH 8.0	IHC-P	GTx30937
Antigen retrieval solution, 10X pH 10.0	IHC-P	GTx30709

Protease-Induced Epitope Retrieval (PIER)

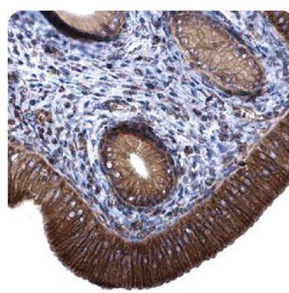
Product name	Application	Cat. No.
Trypsin Antigen Retrieval Kit - for cytosolic antigen	IHC-P	GTx30934
Pepsin Reagent (ready to use) - for ECM antigen	IHC-P	GTx30935
Pronase reagent	IHC-P	GTx73181



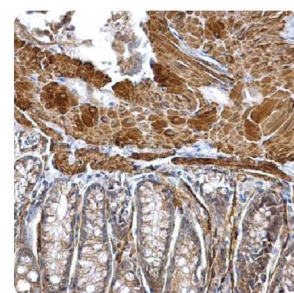
β-Catenin antibody
(GTx101435)



Histone H3K27me3
(trimethyl Lys27) antibody
(GTx121184)



HPRT antibody (GTx113466)



alpha Smooth Muscle Actin
antibody (GTx100034)

Poor Morphology

Problem

Possible Solution(s)

- | | |
|---|--|
| ○ Tissue section falling off slide | ○ Use freshly prepared, adequately charged slides |
| ○ Tissue section appears torn or folded;
Air bubbles under section | ○ Re-cut sections using a sharp blade
○ Avoid damaged areas while analyzing the results |
| ○ Poor resolution of tissue morphology | ○ Prepare thinner sections |
| ○ Underfixation has physically damaged the tissue during the staining process | ○ Increase fixation time and/or add a post-fixation step
○ Increase the fixative/tissue ratio
○ Prepare smaller tissue blocks for more thorough immersion fixation |
| ○ Antigen retrieval methods may be too harsh | ○ Empirically determine the conditions that preserve tissue morphology while restoring the immunoreactivity of the antigen |

Signal Amplification

Citation Support

KO/KD Validation

Comparable Abs

Orthogonal Validation

Protein Overexpression

Polymer HRP Detection System

Product name

Application

Cat. No.

OneStep Polymer HRP anti-mouse/rat Detection System (Ready-to-Use)	IHC, WB	GTX83400
OneStep Polymer HRP anti-rabbit Detection System (Ready-to-Use)	IHC, WB	GTX83399
OneStep Polymer HRP anti-mouse/rat/rabbit	IHC, IHC-P, WB	GTX83398

Biotin Blocker

Product name

Application

Cat. No.

Avidin/Biotin blocking kit	ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30966
Streptavidin/Biotin blocking kit	ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30965

Labeled StreptAvidin Biotin (LSAB)

Product name

Application

Cat. No.

Streptavidin (HRP)	ELISA, IHC, WB	GTX85912
Streptavidin (AP)	ELISA, IHC, WB	GTX85909
Streptavidin (APC)	FACS, ICC/IF	GTX85908
Streptavidin (Cy3)	FACS, ICC/IF	GTX85902
Streptavidin (FITC)	FACS, ICC/IF	GTX85911
Streptavidin (Texas Red™)	FACS, ICC/IF	GTX85907
Streptavidin (PE)	FACS, ICC/IF	GTX85910

Counterstain

Product name

Application

Cat. No.

Aqueous Hematoxylin	IHC, IHC-P	GTX73341
Nuclear Fast Red	IHC	GTX73309
Light Green counterstain	IHC	GTX73306
Methylene Blue counterstain	IHC	GTX73307

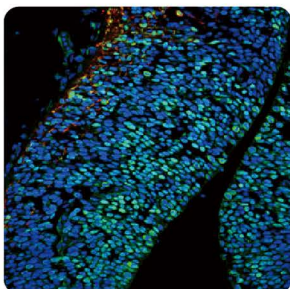
Mounting

Product name

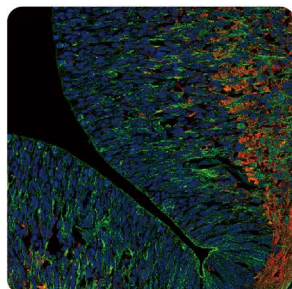
Application

Cat. No.

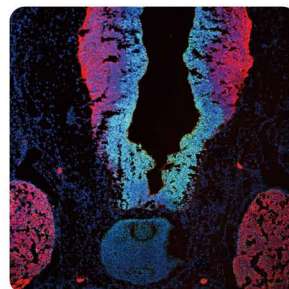
Clear Mount mounting medium-general purpose	H, IHC-Fr, IHC-P	GTX30703
FluoroGel mounting medium	ICC/IF, IHC, IHC-Fr, IHC-P	GTX28214
Fluoroshield™ with DAPI	ICC/IF, IHC, IHC-Fr	GTX30920
ImmunoHistoMount™	IHC	GTX30922
Immuno Mount™	IHC	GTX30928



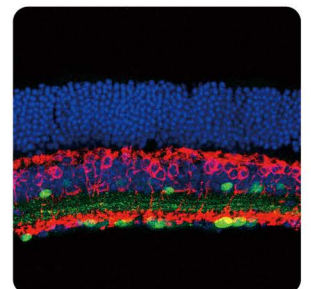
Brn2 antibody (GTX114650)



Caspr2 antibody [N2N3]
(GTX109389)



SOX2 antibody [N1C3]
(GTX101507)



Calretinin antibody
(GTX103261)

Non-specific staining / High background

Problem

Possible Solution(s)

Autofluorescence

- **Fixation method may cause autofluorescence**
 - Try aldehyde versus non-aldehyde fixatives
 - Treat the tissue sample with dyes that quench selective autofluorescence
 - Switch sample embedding method from paraffin to frozen sections (OCT or gelatin)
 - Choose a fluorescence that will not compete with the autofluorescence

Other

- **Primary/secondary antibody issues:**
 - Concentration of the antibodies may be too high
 - Non-specific binding of antibodies
 - **Incubation temperature may be too high**
 - **Endogenous enzymes (peroxidases or alkaline phosphatase activity)**
 - **Endogenous biotin**
- Decrease antibody concentration
 - Decrease antibody incubation time
 - Increase blocking buffer concentration
 - Conduct staining with Mouse-on-Mouse IHC staining kit (GTX83396)
 - Incubate sections at 4°C
 - Use enzyme inhibitors:
 - H₂O₂ (0.3% v/v) for peroxidase
 - Levamisole (2 mM) for alkaline phosphatase
 - Block endogenous biotin by incubation with Avidin

Preventing Non-Specific Staining

Blocking Reagent

 Citation Support

Product name	Application	Cat. No.
○ Universal Protein Blocking Reagent (animal serum free)	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC, IHC-P, WB	GTX30963
○ Blocking Buffer, PBS with 1% BSA (10X)	ELISA, IHC, WB	GTX48881
Blocking Buffer, TBS with 1% BSA (10X)	ELISA, IHC, WB	GTX48882
Blocking Solution with Bovine Serum (ready to use)	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30970
Blocking Solution with Chicken Serum (ready to use)	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30971
○ Blocking Solution with Donkey Serum (ready to use)	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30972
○ Blocking Solution with Goat Serum (ready to use)	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30973
Blocking Solution with Horse Serum (ready to use)	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30974
Blocking Solution with Rabbit Serum (ready to use)	ELISA, ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX30975
Blocking Solution with Fish Serum (ready to use)	ICC/IF, IHC, WB	GTX85478

Endogenous Enzyme Interference

Product name	Application	Cat. No.
○ Endogenous peroxidase blocking kit	ICC/IF, IHC, IHC-P	GTX30967
Endogenous Alkaline phosphatase blocking kit	IHC	GTX30968

Mouse on Mouse

Product name	Application	Cat. No.
Mouse on Mouse Polymer HRP Detection System (Ready-to-Use)	IHC	GTX83396